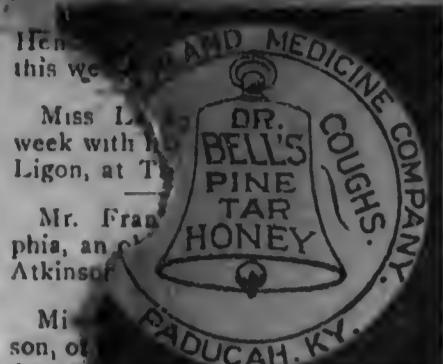


The Bee

NINTH YEAR

EARLINGTON, HOPKINS COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1898.

NO. 1



THE STARVING CUBANS.

Important Announcement From the State Department.

An Idea Given of the Supplies Most Needed, in Addition to Money, and Which Consul-General Lee Will Find Properly Distributed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The following announcement regarding the work of Cuban relief inaugurated by this government has been made from the state department:

The steps now being taken by the secretary of state for the organization, in New York, of a central headquarters, with the co-operation of the American National Red Cross, for the reception and forwarding of relief for the suffering people of Cuba, and the probability that it will be in effective operation early in the present week, the secretary of state has directed that the benevolently disposed public of the United States be informed through the medium of the press, that the consul general of the United States in Havana mentions the following as being appropriate to be contributed; all of them, as he reports, being greatly needed:

Summer clothing for women and children; medicines for fevers, principally quinine; hard bread, flour, corn meal, cereal preparations, bacon, rice, lard, potatoes, beans, peas, salt fish, canned goods, particularly nourishing soups, meat extracts, blankets and especially large quantities of condensed milk, as many persons are at first too feeble for any other nourishment.

Contributions of money are also requested to enable the consul general to immediately supply medicines and articles of prime necessity, and to meet the expenses of local transportation in Cuba.

The consul-general, to whom all supplies and money will be sent, will at once organize arrangements for the receipt, storage and most effective distribution of whatever is received from the humane people of the United States.

AUSTRALIAN MINES FOR THE YUKON—Enclosed.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 3.—The steamer Moween brings 40 Australian miners bound for the Yukon. She also brings three men from Honolulu, under date of December 24.

The annexationists protest to be pleased with the news received from Washington by the Macraeans, while the other side say that it has caused consternation among the leaders of the government.

The American schooner Emma and Louis, Capt. Harris, from San Diego, recently arrived. The schooner had no boats or even a lifeboat aboard. The captain reports that they were dashed away in a gale, and, although he had not yet located his boat, he was then in a neighboring house, where he said that someone had awoken him and that he had jumped through the blinding smoke and flames down the staircase and out into the open air.

Henry Reich said it was late when they retired, having had a party. When he ran into the hall he saw smoke and flames in the lower hall. His father was there and they managed to get out of the house their night clothes. Young Reich ran down the stairs, and, on account of his return, his father was nowhere to be seen, but one of his brothers, Sigismund, was there, badly burned. He was taken to a neighboring house, where he said that someone had awoken him and that he had jumped through the blinding smoke and flames down the staircase and out into the open air.

Several engine companies responded promptly to the alarm, and ten minutes later the fire was out. Then began the search of the house. The lights from the firemen's lanterns disclosed the scene of horror. The wall at the foot of the stairs, two feet of Adolph Reich, his daughter Tilla and little Gustave. The father had fallen upon the daughter and his son was in his arms. They were burned almost beyond recognition.

Two other houses, which had been entered by the customs authorities, were recently entered into the hands by the customs authorities. Portions of the limbs had been entirely burned away and the faces were horribly distorted.

The mother was found in the dining room. She was but slightly burned, her face showed no look of pain. She undeniably died from suffocation.

The bodies were sent to the morgue.

FAVOR AS A CRAWFISH.

His Apology to the Queen and Explanation to Major Maguire Alleviating His Suspicion.

MAHID, Jan. 4.—Ode Weyler's behavior, which is classed here as "shifting" in apologizing to the queen regent, and hastily explaining to the premier, Senor Sagasta, that he was not responsible for the publication of the letter, has been fully explained by supporters among the Carlists, who hoped to entangle the general in the revolutionary measures. They are especially disappointed at the fact that the government appears to be satisfied that the so-called Weyler bubble has burst and that the Spanish army is not gauged.

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MRS. NACK'S CASE.

She was Not Arraigned at Long Island City as Expected.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Augusta N. Nack, who came with Mrs. Nellie Ellson for the murder of Wm. Geddes, the bath tuber, is a cotting at Woodside, Long Island, in June last, was not arraigned in the Queens county court at Long Island City as it had been expected she would be. No date for her arraignment has been set, but it is probable her case will be disposed of before this term of court closes.

Retires from the Leadership.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—Hugh McLaughlin, for many years the dictator of the democratic party in Brooklyn, has definitely announced his retirement from political leadership. He will be succeeded, according to the present understanding by Bernard J. Vork.

To SAY GOOD-BY.

The Comptroller of the Currency Ends His Official Career.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—Comptroller of the Currency James H. Eshelby, whose resignation will take effect today, called upon the president yesterday afternoon to pay his respects and say good-bye. Mr. Eshelby will leave Chicago this morning. His successor, Mr. Chas. G. Dawes, will qualify as comptroller to-day and take charge of the office next Monday.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

The People of New Hampshire Fort the Earth Tremble.

EXETER, N. H., Jan. 3.—Vibrations of the earth, following a noise as if of a great explosion a long way off, awoke inhabitants of this town at five o'clock yesterday morning. The noise was two or three seconds long and the tremblings of the ground much longer. Lunes were shaken, windows rattled and much commotion indoors was caused, sufficient in most cases to awaken the soundest sleepers. Similar reports come from other towns.

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The Business Portion of Muchaknock, Ia., Practically Wiped Out.

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COST OF INDIAN FAUNA.

BOMBAY, Jan. 1.—It is officially announced that the recent fauna cost the East Indian treasury \$493,000, while loans to agriculturists and the suspensions of taxes, mainly repayable, absorbed another \$4,020,000, irrespective of charitable contributions amounting to £1,859,000.

Granted a Stay of Execution.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 1.—Alex and John Reid, sentenced to hang at Montello, last Friday, were granted a stay of execution by the supreme court pending an appeal.

Testimonial to Miss Crane.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 3.—The editors of the South Carolina newspaper have decided to present Miss Crane, the actress who was ordered away from their Christmas ball here, with a testimonial of their regard and esteem. They have ordered a handsome silver plate, which will be forwarded to Miss Crane.

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Will receive prompt attention at this office. Estimates furnished upon application.

THE BLUE AND THE GRAY.

The Society of the Atlanta Campaign and Its Objects—Propose National Park Around Kennesaw Mountain.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 3.—The following circular is being forwarded to all veterans of the Union and confederate armies who are known to have participated in the Atlanta campaign.

The Atlanta campaign—The address of all surviving participants of the Atlanta campaign—those who served with the armies of Sherman, Johnston and Hood—The objects are two-fold.

First—the organization of bureaus of the Atlanta campaign for social purposes, and

taken by the secretary of state for the organization, in New York, of a central headquarters, with the co-operation of the American National Red Cross, for the reception and forwarding of relief for the suffering people of Cuba, and the probability that it will be in effective operation early in the present week, the secretary of state has directed that the benevolently disposed public of the United States be informed through the medium of the press, that the consul general of the United States in Havana mentions the following as being appropriate to be contributed; all of them, as he reports, being greatly needed:

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That Spot...

First size of a dime; next size of a dollar; then big as the palm of your hand. The palm of your hand.

Among the natives of Mexico there are, according to Lamboltz, about 150,000 survivors of the Aztec race.

The combined forces of Protestantism in Utah number 5,101 members, many of whom were formerly members of the Mormon church.

An English agriculturist has succeeded in the cross fertilization of grasses, clover, cereals and other food plants.

Are you a subscriber to THE BEE?

You should be.

THE BLUE AND THE GRAY.

Six Members of One Family Perish by Fire.</p

PAUL M. MOORE, Editor and Manager.
BEE PUBLISHING COMPANY, Incorporated.

Entered the Postoffice at Earlington as Second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year, \$1.00
Six Months, \$0.50
Three Months, \$0.25
Single Copy, 25c
Special copies mailed free on application.
Correspondents wanted in all parts of the country. Address us for particulars.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1898.

The Kentucky Legislature has organized, and the grind of bills and politicians will begin.

An Arkansas editor, reading that a young lady kneads bread with her gloves on, says: "We need bread with our boots on; we need bread with our pants on, and if our subscribers in arrears don't pay up soon we shall need bread without any thing on."

J. H. ELY, colored, of Todd county, has been nominated for the position of Assistant Cloak-room Keeper for the Kentucky Legislature—Democratic. A correspondent writes that many Democratic members have sworn never to vote for a negro for anything, and now the question is, "Will any of these Democrats keep their 'swear,' and refuse to support the caucus nominee?"

We applaud the temerity of that West Virginia Teacher's Institute which has adopted a resolution protesting against "the habit of male teachers parting their hair in the middle." The members of this Institute seem to be so genuine and old fashioned that they might even be expected to protest against "female teachers wearing their skirts parted in the middle," if such was their habit.

The last straw has been put upon the back of the man who is not a totaler for fear of a snake bite. It is now claimed that only coal oil, of smell and taste abominable—and not bourbon—is needed. Happily, however, the odorous oil does not have to be taken internally. The claim is that the rattlesnake poison is extracted by immersing the bite in oil. But the demand for oil for this purpose is not expected to elevate the selling price.

THERE is cotton in other countries than the United States. Statistics show that during British rule the cotton crop of Egypt has doubled and now amounts to over 500,000,000 pounds a year. This is rather a comfortable supply and it is evident that our own Southern states do not supply the world, although they are supplying large quantities of cloth to China and other foreign countries. There is competition in cotton as well as in other commodities.

The Frankfort lottery has acknowledged its death, and kicked the bucket by advice of its attorneys. Now when the M. A. I. D. S. succeed in banishing the cigarette from Owensboro—and elsewhere; when bourbon is given a less exalted and less impending position, in the life, the song, the story of Kentuckians; when feuds subside and, "puissant liberty, sal!" becomes more modest, Kentucky will go new gaits—when these things come to pass.

COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS H. CLAY EVANS has begun a worthy fight against unworthy pension attorneys, out of which will doubtless come great good to the government and the people. We greatly favor proper pensions to the valiant soldier who suffered for his country, and would rather see the government err on the side of sympathy than otherwise. But the great hoard of pension attorneys assuredly encourage and foster fraud for the sake of the fees they get by procuring pensions.

The Governor.

Courier-Journal

The Governor's message is a straight-forward and emphatic document. He speaks out positively and plainly, and if his recommendations fail of legislative approval it will not be because their meaning is obscure.

He urges practical economy by reformation of the system of criminal expenditures; advises the abolition of the offices of Commissioner of Agriculture, Register of the Land Office and Jailer; insists that the management of the State's charitable institutions shall be permanently freed of partisanship; calls for the repeal of the separate coach law, and suggests revision of the election law.

On the questions of mobs and turnpike raiders he is especially vigorous. He paints a picture of lawlessness from these causes

which, however extreme, can hardly be said to be exaggerated; he declares that the Martin law for the suppression of violence against the roads is a failure; indicates several respects in which he would have it amended, and renews earnestly his recommendation that counties be made liable in damages for loss of life and property at the hands of mobs.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK.

The Postmaster General's Bill in Favor With the Senators.

STRONG FIGHT WILL BE MADE AGAINST IT.

A Suggestion to Promote Good Roads and Farmers' Interests.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is sold by all druggists. Price \$1.00 for \$1.00.

are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Washingon, D. C., January 3, 1898.—The proposition for the establishment of postal savings banks in this country is meeting with a good deal of quiet favor here in Washington. It is said, in fact, that the Postmaster General's bill will stand a better chance in the United States Senate than any other of the financial measures proposed or likely to be proposed by the present national administration. Yet, it is predicted that there will be a strong fight on it when it comes up for action and that it will meet with manifested and determined opposition. As it is an administration and Republican can measure it is not hard to determine where the opposition will develop, but Gen. Gary thinks the proposition so comparatively simple and so manifestly advantageous to the people of the country that he has great hopes of its enactment into a law. He has studied all sides of the question and will doubtless make a strong presentation of his case when called upon by Congress to support the plan by facts and figures. As an example near at hand, he will probably show the excellent workings of the system in Canada, where, with five millions of people, there were on deposit in postal savings banks a year ago over twenty-six million dollars in small accounts.

Gen. Gary says that the United States is behind other countries in this respect, most civilized countries having postal savings systems, thus giving an opportunity for the people of the poorer and medium classes to safely invest their hard-earned savings. Investigation shows that this country is sadly in need of such an institution. Private savings banks have left the people of many large communities, and, in some cases, almost entire States, without facilities whereby they may invest their cash surplus. The sole convenience he says, which these people have enjoyed and are using to-day is the facility for exchange afforded by the money-order system of the Post-Office Department. As an evidence of this, during the current year more than 52,000,000 transactions were made in the 21,000 money-order offices, and nearly \$200,000,000 was received, and paid out. Millions of money orders were bought to be used by the buyers as drafts and in place of bank checks.

The greatest objection, probably, which has been made to the establishment of the postal banks and the receipt of deposits by the Government is as to the investment which the Government must adopt in order to pay a suitable interest on the deposits. It is proposed to pay interest at the rate of 2 per cent, 2½ per cent, and many people assume that the Government could not find proper investment for the money deposited which would enable it to pay that rate of interest. Gen. Gary, on the other hand, believes that there will be no difficulty whatever in investing the deposits in first-class securities which would not only pay the interest proposed, but at the same time enable the Government to reduce its expenses in other directions. The interest-bearing debt of the United States is now about \$635,000,000, and all of it bears 3½ per cent. or more. If the deposits were invested in these securities, it is evident that the Government would save the difference between the 2 or 2½ per cent, and the 3½ per cent., or at least that portion of it not necessary in paying the expenses of the system. The Postmaster General has various other suggestions in regard to investments.

One of the best suggestions, however, and one which has impressed itself upon General Gary, is the scheme of General Stone, the acting president of the League of Good Roads of America, who proposes that the Government shall invest the deposits in county bonds throughout the various States, the money to be used in the construction of good country roads.

The proposition seems a simple and feasible one and one which will likely meet with great favor with the farmers after its provisions are thoroughly understood by them. It is simply that the county shall issue bonds and sell them to the Government and pay the same interest on them to the Government, which the Government must pay to depositors in the postal banks.

This interest would be more than met by the money which is annually used in working on country roads and keeping them in a passable condition. The great advantage apparent from this purchase of local bonds is in the fact that the money would not leave the community where it was deposited. Instead of going to large business centers for investment, as would be the case in the purchase of all other securities which have been mentioned, it would stay directly in the county and be utilized and paid out to the people of the

Carbuncles

Appeared Each Season Until Blood Was Purified With Hood's Sarsaparilla—An Indolent Ulcer.

"For several years I was troubled with carbuncles on my left side and my back. They would disappear in winter and return the next summer. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and have never had any carbuncles since. My little son had a fever and an indolent ulcer appeared on his left limb and spread half way around it. Our physician recommended a blood purifier and I gave the boy Hood's Sarsaparilla with gratifying results." A. O. JONES, Polkville, Miss.

"I have been a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism and in October began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have used it now until June, when I could go about as well as any one and I have had no acute pains since." J. W. MINNICK, Grand Isle, Louisiana.

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CHRISTIAN'S NEW OFFICERS.

Brief Sketch of the County Officials who Begin their Duties with the New Year.

News of Special Interest From over the County.

REPRESENTATIVE



DR. ANDREW SARGENT

Dr. Andrew Sargent, whose picture is herewith presented, is our present Representative in the General Assembly of Kentucky. The Doctor is a popular physician with a large practice, a brainy, able man, who will be heard from later at Frankfort

J. J. BARNES, SHERIFF.

A Republican in the House of Representatives, former Chairman Republican Committee and Justice of the Peace for two years. Dr. G. C. Cook, W. M. Alexander, T. W. T. Fowler, late chairman of the Christian County Republican Committee. He succeeded Herman Fails, resigned.

Ex-Vice President Stevenson has recently appointed Western counsel of the North American Trust Co. of New York.

Miss Mary Gregory, daughter of Mr. J. J. Gregory, of the Lowell neighborhood, Mr. T. J. Garrett, a young farmer near Oak Grove were married yesterday at the Longview Methodist church.

The estate of Dr. Ben S. Wood, deceased, is estimated at from \$40,000 to \$60,000, the whole of which was left to his wife by will. He carried life insurance policies amounting to \$18,000.

The officers elected at Hopkinsville Lodge No. 37, F. & A. M., for 1898 are: Chas. C. Gravel, W. M. Allen, Cox, W. W. Cook, W. M. Alexander, T. W. T. Fowler, late chairman of the Christian County Republican Committee. He succeeded Herman Fails, resigned.

Rev. W. J. King, former pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Hopkinsville, has gone to Oxford, Miss., to take charge of the church there.

Tuesday morning a special term of the newly elected Fiscal Court the following appointments were made to take the place of those removed from office: workhouse keeper, John Martin; road supervisor, J. K. Major and J. H. Durham; delinquent collector, J. J. Allen; county physician, Dr. Andrew Sargent. The Democrats are raising a mighty kick against these changes but the indications are that the appointments will stand as made.

Mr. John Twyman has gone to Florida to visit relatives. Dr. John H. Twyman, surgeon to the 1st Cavalry, has been appointed to the post of Hopkinsville after a service covering 30 of the last 25 years and is entitled to a pension of \$1,000. Dr. Twyman is a man of great personal merit and is highly regarded in the community. He has been a member of the Masonic order for many years.

A. H. Anderson, an old war horse and leader in the Republican party, now again serves as Chairman of the Christian County Republican Committee, succeeding W. T. Fowler, recently Judge Anderson is also Steward at the Western Insurance Association.

COUNTY CHAIRMAN

A. H. ANDERSON

MISS LIDA B. GARRETT and Mr. Robt. W. Downer were married near Pembroke yesterday.

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